

THE GREAT SALE OF FINE FRENCH AND BURMAH GOODS.

\$100,000 WORTH OF BEAUTIFUL NEW GOODS SACRIFICED.

Our COST CASH SALE has served its purpose. We will now show only new goods. Every vestige of old stock is off our shelves. The new goods are very beautiful and very cheap. Our great sale converted our old stock into cash. The great leader to bring down prices, especially this year, we will sell 18c, 25c and 40c French satens tomorrow at 8c, 10c and 15c per yard. We will sell new prints at 3 1-2c, new gingham at 4 1-2c, new French and Burmah challis at 6 1-4c. We will sell all linen stamped tray cloths at 18c each. We will sell spring colorings in French all wool henrietta and albatross cloth at 89c per yard. New \$1.00 black 46 inch Royal serges at 59c per yard. We will close out 80 pieces of 85c fancy silk fringe that came in slightly soiled, at 2c per yard. Beautiful \$18.00 oriental rugs sacrificed to \$3.95 each. 100 pairs of \$1.25 and \$1.50 Nottingham lace curtains, reduced to 89c per pair. Out of town people listen. There is bound to be a great scarcity of goods this season, and prices will advance with tremendous strides. Come in and buy your summer dresses now and save your vacation money. Mail orders receive special attention during this sale.

ORIENTAL RUGS

We place on sale tomorrow for the first time a special line of the real oriental rugs such as cashmeres, Arabahs, Rajahs, Daghatans, etc., etc., rugs worth from \$9.00 to \$15.00 will be sold at \$3.75.

Orientation Rugs.
Worth from.....\$17.50 to \$25

Go at \$10.

CURTAINS, 30c PER PAIR.
New Nottinghams, tan curtains at least worth \$1.00.

Go at 39c.

FANCY SILK FRINGE, 2c.
Fifty pieces of fancy silk fringe, such as is used for table scarfs, drapes, etc., etc., and generally sells at 35c per yard, some pieces slightly soiled in shipping, to close the entire lot in one day.

Portieres \$2.50.
New coverings in \$5.00 and \$6.00 chenille portieres tomorrow.

\$2.50 per pair.
A better line of new \$9.00 and \$12.00 portieres at \$6.00 a pair.

New Wraps.
150 imported pattern wraps.

Came in late Saturday.
Will be on exhibition Monday p 10:30 a. m. No two alike. Price.....

\$80.00

OUR EXTRA SPECIAL FOR MONDAY.

15 dozen Simpson Print Wrappers, all sizes, at \$1 each. They will close out \$1.50 wherever you may go.

SPRING DRESS GOODS

Arrival of new spring Dress Goods. We shall display tomorrow, Monday, March 5, a grand collection of Fine Dress Goods, in plain and fancy weaves, representing the best manufacturers of the Paris, London and Berlin markets, altogether the most complete assortment of Dress Goods ever shown by us.

40-inch French henrietta cloth, guaranteed all wool, in all the new colorings....

39c

46-inch English corkscrew cloth, pure Australian wool, a very desirable material, in light and medium shades, worth \$1.25, at.....

39c

New arrivals of French broadcloth, new shades, full 50 inches wide, goods you can't duplicate under \$1.50, at.....

49c

33-inch all wool spring novelties, in plain effects, small figures and mixed designs.....

69c

40-inch satin Burber cloth, made in Germany, beautiful line of colorings, at.....

39c

50-inch London royal serges, the \$1.50 quality, new spring shades, opening sale price.....

\$1.00

46-inch English corkscrew cloth, pure Australian wool, a very desirable material, in light and medium shades, worth \$1.25, at.....

\$1.00

New arrivals of French broadcloth, new shades, full 50 inches wide, goods you can't duplicate under \$1.50, at.....

\$1.09

50-inch golden rod suitings, latest novelty, style for spring 1894, splendid value, extra long, opening sale price.....

\$1.00 and \$1.50

Black Dress Goods

NEW GOODS ALL IN

Though you visit the fashion centers of Europe you could not find a better assorted stock of up-to-date black dress goods. Our importations this season consists of many rare and beautiful effects.

Leaders 3 Leaders

THIS WEEK.

\$1.00 quality royal serge at 59c.

\$1.25 quality Priestly's henrietta at 69c.

\$1.50 quality broadcloth at \$1.09.

BUY NOW

"Onyx" Black Hosiery

To the many bargains that we have been giving for the past three days in black hosiery we add more for Monday. As our new spring hosiery arrives we have them in the different lots at just half their actual value.

1 solid case ladies' 40c quality fine two-thread onyx black cotton hose, with light spliced heels and double toes and soles at 25c a pair.

1 solid case boys' heavy double-knee bicyclic cotton hose, guaranteed stainless, worth 35c, at 19c a pair.

1 case ladies' extra fine quality genuine Sea Island "onyx dye" cotton hose, with spliced heels and toes. Guaranteed stainless. The best wearing 50c stocking in the market. They go at 33 1-2c a pair, 3 pairs for \$1.

1 case ladies' footless black medium weight, seamless cotton hose, a quality all day sold at 25c. While they last they go at 13 1-2c a pair.

Hundreds of odds and ends of fine line thread and cashmere hose added to the different lots at just one-fourth their value.

Millinery.

A SPLENDID OFFER.

25 dozen untrimmed felt hats actually worth from \$1.50 to \$3.00, go at 90c each.

25 dozen violets, new straw shapes and spring effects.

Great Sacrifice

Wash Fabrics.

SPECIAL SPECIAL.

15c and 20c Satens, desirable patterns, splendid quality,

Tomorrow 5c Per Yard

All our 25c and 30c

Sateens, 10c Per Yard

All our 35c and 40c

Sateens, 15c Per Yard

Calicoes, FANCY SHIRTINGS,

3 1-2c Per Yard

Ginghams, FRENCH AND BURMAH,

6 1-4c Per Yard

Linen--3 Specials, At 98c.

Hemstitched, stamped and plain linen cloth and center pieces, worth from \$1.00 to \$2.00 each, the lot will be closed out at 98c each. These are the greatest value we have offered in hemstitched linens.

At 58c.

We have about fifty odds and ends in bureau suits, two yards long, both stamped and plain, that are worth from 50c to \$1.25. We will close out the lot at 58c each.

At 18c.

See those damask tray cloths we are selling at 18c. They are pure linen, and all stamped in neat and handsome designs, and all well worth 30c, our price is only 18c each.

SILKS

At 98c.

Here is a list of genuine bargains for Monday and Tuesday.

Cheney Brown, fig. Indus (best quality), worth \$1.25, worth \$1.25.

37-inch Japanese silk, black, worth \$1.25, worth \$1.25.

27-inch black and white, worth \$1.25, worth \$1.25.

Black and colored faille française, worth \$1.75, worth \$1.75.

Black and white (satin finish), worth \$1.50, worth \$1.50.

YOUR CHOICE FOR 98c

At 78c.

We have a nice line of figured Indus, all new and exclusive designs, worth \$1.00.

Changeable armures, something new, worth \$1.25, worth \$1.25.

Plain black and white, worth \$1.25, worth \$1.25.

27-inch black Japanese silk, worth \$1.25, worth \$1.25.

For Two Days Out They Go at 78c a Yard.

Laces. Laces.

SEE OUR NEW LINE.

LACES, 5c.

Tomorrow, 3,000 yards of lace in val, torchon and point d'Irlande, well worth 10c to 12 1/2c.

LACES, 8 1-2c.

Tomorrow, 5,000 yards of lace, in val, torchon, orientals, bourbons and Venice, well worth 15c to 30c.

Our line is complete and the new laces are elegant. Don't miss seeing them.

Ribbons. Ribbons.

COMMENCING TOMORROW.

BABY RIBBON, 4c A BOLT.

500 bolts of baby ribbon, 10 yards each, a beautiful line of colors, all you want for 4c a bolt.

RIBBONS, 3 1/2c YARD.

3,000 yards of ribbon tomorrow, in satin and gros grain, satin edge, an excellent line of colors, well worth 3 1/2c.

RIBBONS, 10c.

5,000 yards of ribbon tomorrow, in satin and gros grain, satin edge, all new, beautiful shades, well worth 10c.

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY.

Corsets. Corsets.

SEE OUR LINE.

We are headquarters for all the best makes.

CORSETS, 35c.

Tomorrow we start a 60c corset, in white and gray, all sizes, for 35c.

CORSETS, 58c.

Tomorrow we start a fast black 50c corset, it is a dandy, all sizes, for 58c.

CORSETS, 65c.

Tomorrow we start a line of corsets worth from \$1.25 to \$2.00, in white and gray, mostly large sizes, all sizes, an excellent quality, we close them out for 65c.

SEE OUR LINE. THERE IS NO COMFORT LIKE A GOOD FITTING CORSET.

Buttons. Buttons.

SPECIAL TOMORROW.

BUTTONS, 15c DOZEN.

500 dozen pearl buttons, in good quality, small size, white and smoked, well worth \$1.30.

BUTTONS, 25c DOZEN.

300 dozen pearl buttons, small size, clouded and white, well worth 10c.

BUTTONS, 25c DOZEN.

400 dozen metal fancy buttons, all choice elegant goods, two dozen on a card, well worth 15c a dozen.

BUTTONS, 25c DOZEN.

200 dozen buttons, in cloak and dress buttons, all elegant goods, well worth 75c.

Veils 9c. Veils 9c.

Tomorrow we start 500 veils, worth from 25c to 50c, all colors; your choice, 9c.

FARMING AS A HIGH ART

Dodge County Agriculturists Consider Their Vocation as a Science.

INDUSTRY IN NEBRASKA IMPROVING

Sugar Beet Culture Receives Much Attention at the Institute-Platte Valley Soil Particulars Adapted to that Crop.

PREMONT, March 3.—(Special to The Bee.)

The evening session of the Farmers institute yesterday was fraught with very much interest, and the success of the morning and afternoon sessions talked out a very large and very attentive audience.

The evening session of the Farmers institute yesterday was fraught with very much interest, and the success of the morning and afternoon sessions talked out a very large and very attentive audience.

Mr. Steele of the Norfolk sugar factory addressed the meeting on the "Sugar Beet." He declared that the raising of that vegetable in Dodge county had ceased to be an experiment, from the fact that the Standard Cattle company had demonstrated beyond cavil that it could be raised as a farm crop with an amount of profit as any other, and at present prices at far greater profit than any of the staple crops now being cultivated.

The farmers' interests were in a rotation of crops and diversified industries. He thought the sugar beet was preeminently adapted to the rotation required, because its cultivation prepares the ground for corn or oats as the rotation of crops is not so hard on the soil as the raising of sugar beets.

He then took the blackboard and demonstrated the cost of raising a farm crop acre as follows: Plowing, 15c; sowing, 25c; weeding, 25c; haying, 35c; carting, 45c; total, \$129.00.

This was figured on a basis of ten tons per acre as was realized in the neighborhood of the Norfolk factory, but he contended that as the Standard Cattle company had raised sixteen tons to the acre on 600 acres, the profit on the acre was a fair estimate. But at ten tons the net profit for the farmer could be safely figured at \$29 per acre in the neighborhood of the factory. At sixteen tons to the acre the net profit would be \$47 per acre or more than five times what could be realized from any other farm crop.

He suggested that each farmer of 160 acres of land should set apart 10 acres for beets, build a summer shanty on it and house a man and his wife to cultivate the crop, and then increase the area as the farmer considered it profitable or desirable. His remarks were very entertaining and highly appreciated.

Cornet and piano solos were then rendered by Prof. Preston and Miss Stewart of the normal, Miss Eckerman, Miss Christensen and Miss Stewart and a recitation by Miss Hubbard of Irvington.

J. B. Wolf of Lincoln then read a paper on the "Farmers' High School Standpoint." He took the position that hog raising was the sheet anchor of the farmer, and that more money had been made by the country than by any other branch of agriculture, and the more care taken in breeding the better the results. He argued that the high prices paid for carcasses of hogs was money well invested. Quite a number of questions were asked and considerable discussion indulged in to the general interest.

Jacob Beck of Blair took the floor on "Life on the Farm," and he convulsed the house by his apt illustrations and happy humor. He argued from the Henry George standpoint, and claimed that every person born upon the earth had an inalienable right to ground to hold upon.

SATURDAY'S SESSION.

The institute was convened early this morning, and J. R. Cantlen, who was on the program yesterday but was not present, responded with an excellent paper on "Educational Organization for the Upholding of Education." He commenced his address by drawing a comparison between the farmer of the present and of a quarter of a century ago, before they had begun to organize for mutual protection and improvement. He contended that the Grange, the Alliance and kindred organizations had, outside of the political aspect, been of great benefit to the farmer. They had evolved from the automatic period and were acting and thinking for themselves. His paper was especially interesting in the Grange against the aspirations of Secretary Morton, whom he scored severely.

Prof. W. H. Clemons of the normal on "Farming as a Commerce with Other Industries" received much attention. He admitted that he was no farmer and yet many pleasant years of his life had been spent upon the farm. In his comparisons he said he did not consider it necessary to go back to Adam and Eve or even to cross the waters of Babel, but he gave his experience with small fruit culture, the mistakes usually made in setting, pruning and cultivating and noted the adverse influences with which small fruit had to contend. He was not inclined to speak in the interest of any special varieties, but drew a line on those that he thought were most profitable.

"Dairy Bred Cows for the Dairy" was then the subject of a paper by Prof. Bassett, secretary of the Nebraska Dairymen's association. He said that there was a time when it was thought Nebraska would never be a dairy state. But that was when the Nebraska cow with a bell on which her food from the wild prairie roots and grasses, and it may be said that at that time the tame grasses were not thought to be adapted to this state, but both of these positions had been proven fallacious and now there is no butter in the country that is better than that made in Nebraska. It had been a difficult matter to reach this stage as any amount of popular prejudice had to be overcome. Popularity makes the market for the farmer, and the farmer's commodity. The greatest dairy exhibit of the world was made at the World's fair, in which the world competed. There were at least 2,000 exhibits and it was decided unanimously by the judges that Nebraska butter was the most hardy and of better texture than any of its competitors. There were at least 2,000 exhibits and it was decided unanimously by the judges that Nebraska butter was the most hardy and of better texture than any of its competitors.

"HARMONY IN THE INSTITUTE." The "Outlook" a paper by W. G. Whitmore of Valley, was the next feature. He said that the farmers and their interests taken by the farmers of this state was generally understood and appreciated. He realized that politics were scrupulously eschewed from the deliberations of the institute, but he thought they could not all view any matter alike, but the greatest difference was on politics and religion, and as neither of those questions could concern the strenuousness of agriculture and it should be freely excluded. He saw in these institutes for the first time the strenuousness of agricultural knowledge and it should be freely used. He saw in the farms of Nebraska endless possibilities. But they must be worked. The stock on the farm is as the albatross, he falls, but his failure cannot be laid to the farm. He realized that the most ignorant man has made a grand competence on the farm, but that did not excuse farming without skill and intelligence. Men may learn the science of farming without school education, but if there is an avocation where education is useful that avocation is farming, the speaker thought. There was wealth in the soil of the Platte valley, and that those interested in this section is proof that they saw here a soil that would compare with France and Germany in the production of that product. In

conclusion he wanted it distinctly understood

that he believed that intelligent and earnest farming paid, and he believed that the outlook was encouraging to the farmer who holds fast to the soil.

"Necessity of Agriculture West of the Missouri" was considered in a most excellent paper by R. M. Allen of the Standard Cattle company. He praised the soil of eastern Nebraska and claimed that when irrigation schemes now contemplated in the western part be carried out the whole state would be among the most desirable and productive land in the country. He advocated small farms, thoroughly cultivated and conducted by a careful attention to the rotation of crops as the most desirable and remunerative. He reviewed the present prices of cereals and claimed that the sugar beet was really the industry of a black eye. His experiment with the sugar beet had been extremely satisfactory and in his opinion it mattered not what action congress might take on the tariff, this soil would be utilized for the production of sugar.

Prof. Lawrence Bruiner on "Insects in Nebraska" was interesting. He had illustrated his subject by a portrayal upon canvas of a picture of every insect he considered. He divided the Nebraska bugs into about twenty-five different families and his characterization of their mechanism and habits was exceedingly interesting.

The evening session brought out R. C. Marshall of Arlington on "Breeding and Feeding for Profit." M. M. Coak on the "Draft Horse." Mrs. A. M. Edwards on "Woman's Part in Agriculture." "The Farming Pay, if Not Why Not?" by W. H. Dech of Thida, materially added to the interest of one of the most interesting meetings which this soil of agriculture ever held in central Nebraska. Every session has exceeded in interest its predecessor and the hall was filled with eager listeners for every paper. It is the general sentiment among the people who have taken an interest in the proceedings that the Farmers institute of Dodge county is a permanent organization.

Judgment for the County.

O'NEILL, Neb., March 3.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—The case which was brought against ex-County Clerk Hazlett for the jury at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and after being out eight hours, the jury returned a verdict for the county for \$500 and interest. This is a partial victory for the plaintiff and the attorneys for the county have announced that they will apply for a new trial.

The case against the bondsmen of the Holt county bank, in which the county lost \$7,000, came up before Judge Bartow this morning and a judgment was rendered against the bondsmen for the full amount. The bondsmen comprised some of the wealthiest farmers in this section.

Guilt of Manslaughter.

HARTINGTON, March 3.—(Special to The Bee.)—The trial of Charles Elliott for the killing of Porter Johnson has occupied nearly the whole week in district court here. Forty-two witnesses were examined and the case went to the jury Thursday night. After eight hours deliberation a verdict of manslaughter was returned. The defendant shot Johnson December 27 and the victim lived seven weeks.

Another murder case, that of Koch, charged with killing Henry Lancing at a wedding nearly a year ago, was continued, owing to sickness of the defendant.

White Still in Jail.

NEBRASKA CITY, March 3.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—Clerk Campbell of the district court today furnished White's attorneys with a transcript of the evidence in the Morton emphy case. Attorney Sloan will go before the supreme court Tuesday and endeavor to secure a stay of sentence until the case can be argued. White is still in jail.

Republican River Out of Its Bed.

M'COOK, Neb., March 3.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—The Republican river at

this place is out of its banks and covers the adjacent land. The weather for the past few days has started the ice out of the river and it became gorged in several places. The water is rising and turning the river out of its usual course. It was thought at one time that the bridges near the city would go out, but that danger seems to be among the most remote and probable.

The water came up into the pumping house of the water works, but is falling slowly now.

POLITICIANS FIGHT.

Two Lincoln Republicans Have a Lively Fistic Encounter.

LINCOLN, March 3.—(Special Telegram to The Bee.)—Captain J. T. Cochran, republican candidate for police judge, knocked down and severely punned Captain Phelps Paule, a republican warhorse, in the capitol tonight. Paule is opposing Cochran and has been particularly abusive. The amusing part of it is that Cochran drew a government pension of \$72 a month for total disability.

Lincoln, Neb., March 3.—(Special to The Bee.)—Judge Estelle and Assistant County Attorney Day, the latter accompanied by ex-Sheriff Bennett of Douglas county, came to Lincoln this morning for the purpose of taking the deposition of Mrs. Edna Marshall, to be used by the defense in the Bennett-Rosewater libel case. The woman's testimony not only covered the points set forth in the affidavit introduced in court Friday afternoon, but almost every question of the state's attorney on cross-examination strengthened the position of the defense.

The cross-examination was very rigid and exacting, and lasted for more than two hours, but the sick woman never wavered in the directness of her story and her testimony could not be shaken even in the slightest detail. The prosecutor succeeded only in bringing from her lips many corroborative circumstances which pointed to the correctness and truth of the story told on direct examination. She gave in minute detail the frightful history of her relations with Jailer Theodore Bennett while an inmate of the Douglas county jail. She denied that she had ever sustained such relations with any other man except her husband, and said that she would not have yielded to the importunities of the jailer but for the fact that she represented to her that he had a great deal of influence with the judge and would see to it that she did not have to go to the penitentiary. She said she was sick when she was sent to the penitentiary, and the prison physician examined her and told her that she was pregnant. The warden knew it, and told him at the time the story of her relations with Theodore Bennett, but had talked with no one else about it.

George Bennett coached the state's attorney during the questioning, and at one time, after a whispered suggestion from the ex-sheriff, the attorney asked if it was not true that the witness had told George Bennett while on the way to the penitentiary that she had had sexual intercourse with several men in the jail. The woman seemingly ignored the presence of the attorney, and fixing her eyes on the ex-sheriff replied: "Why, Mr. Bennett, what makes you ask a question like that? I never knew it, and I told him at the time. What I did tell you was that if I wanted to lead a sporting life I wouldn't ask for a better place than the Douglas county jail."

Bennett continued to prompt the attorney in loud whispers, and finally the woman, who was completely worn out by the fatigue of the long cross-examination, threw herself back wearily on the pillows of her cot and said bitterly, "George Bennett is doing the work of a dog in this case. He is making me blame him for his brother's black eye."

With that the cross-examination ended. As the attorneys and stenographers turned toward the room, the witness raised herself slightly and said to George Bennett: "While you're talking about it, Theodore had intercourse with plenty of other women in the Douglas county jail."

Bennett made no reply, and was seemingly glad of the opportunity to get out of the scene's sight. He was present during the entire examination, and took a lively interest in the proceedings. The sick woman lay upon a small hospital cot and Bennett advised so much interest in the testimony she gave that he constantly leaned over the foot of the cot, his arms folded across his breast and his eyes fixed anything but a pleasant meaning in them fixed constantly

THE BENNETT LIBEL CASE

Another Chapter on the Licentiousness of the Jail Under Theodore Bennett.

EDNA MARSHALL TELLS HER EXPERIENCE

She Was a Victim of the Libidinous Jailer's Lust and Duplicity—Now Suffering in Prison—Her Examination Conducted Yesterday.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 3.—(Special to The Bee.)—Judge Estelle and Assistant County Attorney Day, the latter accompanied by ex-Sheriff Bennett of Douglas county, came to Lincoln this morning for the purpose of taking the deposition of Mrs. Edna Marshall, to be used by the defense in the Bennett-Rosewater libel case. The woman's testimony not only covered the points set forth in the affidavit introduced in court Friday afternoon, but almost every question of the state's attorney on cross-examination strengthened the position of the defense.

The cross-examination was very rigid and exacting, and lasted for more than two hours, but the sick woman never wavered in the directness of her story and her testimony could not be shaken even in the slightest detail. The prosecutor succeeded only in bringing from her lips many corroborative circumstances which pointed to the correctness and truth of the story told on direct examination. She gave in minute detail the frightful history of her relations with Jailer Theodore Bennett while an inmate of the Douglas county jail. She denied that she had ever sustained such relations with any other man except her husband, and said that she would not have yielded to the importunities of the jailer but for the fact that she represented to her that he had a great deal of influence with the judge and would see to it that she did not have to go to the penitentiary. She said she was sick